P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Fourth Semester of B. Tech. Examination May 2019

SESH2051: Mathematical Methods for Computation

[Date:13/05/2019, Monday]

[Time:09:00 A.M. to 11.30 A.M.]

[Total Marks:60]

Instructions:

- 1. The question paper comprises of two sections.
- 2. Section I and II must be attempted in separate answer sheets.
- 3. Make suitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.
- 4. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

SECTION-I

Q-1 Answer the following.(Any Five)

[05]

(i) The order (0) and degree (D) of the ODE
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = x + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

a)
$$0 = 2$$
, $D = 1$

a)
$$0 = 2$$
, $D = 1$ b) $0 = 2$, $D = 2$

c)
$$0 = 1$$
, $D = 1/2$

c)
$$0 = 1$$
, $D = 1/2$ d) $0 = 2$, $D = 1/2$

(ii) If
$$(ax + by + c)dx + (ex + fy + g)dy = 0$$
 is exact, then

a)
$$a = f$$

b)
$$b = e$$

c)
$$a = e$$

d)
$$b = f$$

(iii) Particular integral of ODE $(D-1)^2y = e^x$ is

a)
$$\frac{x^2}{2}e^x$$

c)
$$\frac{x^3}{6}e^{x}$$

c)
$$\frac{x^3}{6}e^x$$
 d) none of the above

(iv) $L\{e^{-t} + e^t\}$ is

a)
$$\frac{s}{s^2-1}$$

b)
$$\frac{2s}{s^2 - 1}$$

a)
$$\frac{s}{s^2 - 1}$$
 b) $\frac{2s}{s^2 - 1}$ c) $\frac{2}{s^2 - 1}$

d)
$$\frac{s}{s-1}$$

(v) $L^{-1}\{\frac{1}{s^3}\}$ is

c)
$$t^2/2$$

d)
$$t^2/3!$$

(i) $L\{2^t\}$ is

a)
$$\frac{1}{s - \log 2}$$

b)
$$\frac{2}{s^3}$$

c)
$$\frac{1}{s-2}$$

(vii) If $L\{f(t)\} = F(s)$, then $L\{tf(t)\}$ is

a)
$$F(s-1)$$

b)
$$e^{-s}F(s)$$

c)
$$-F'(s)$$

d)
$$-sF(s)$$

Q-2 Answer the following.

[10]

(a) Verify that the ODE
$$(x^4 - 2xy^2 + y^4)dx - (2x^2y - 4xy^3 + \sin y)dy = 0$$
 is exact and solve it.

(b) Solve using method of variation of parameter
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x \sin x$$

(a) Solve the ODE
$$(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = e^{2x} \sin x$$

(b) Solve using method of undetermined coefficients
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 2\cos x$$

Q-3 Answer the following. (Any Two)

[10]

(a) Solve
$$z(px - qy) = y^2 - x^2$$

- (b) Solve $yp = 2xy + \log q$
- (c) Solve the PDE $(D^2 DD' 6D'^2)z = \cos(2x + y)$
- (d) Solve the PDE $(D^2 DD' 2D'^2 + 2D + 2D')z = e^{2x+3y}$
- Q-4 Answer the following. (Any One)

[05]

- (a) Evaluate $L^{-1} \left\{ \log \frac{s+2}{s+1} \right\}$
- (b) Using Laplace transform show that $\int_{0}^{\infty} te^{-3t} \sin t dt = \frac{3}{50}$

SECTION-II

Q-1 Answer the following. (Any Five)

[05]

- (i) In Fourier series expansion, When f(x) is even function
 - a) $a_0 = 0$
- b) $b_0 = 0$
- c) $a_n = 0$

- (ii) Interquartile range (IQR) =

a)
$$Z = \frac{X + \mu}{\sigma}$$

b)
$$Z = \frac{X - \sigma}{\mu}$$

c)
$$Z = \frac{X + \sigma}{\mu}$$

d)
$$Z = \frac{X - I}{\sigma}$$

- a) Q_2-Q_1 b) $\frac{1}{2}(Q_2-Q_1)$ c) $\frac{1}{2}(Q_3-Q_1)$ d) Q_3-Q_1 (iii) Converting X to Standard Normal Variable Z a) $Z=\frac{X+\mu}{\sigma}$ b) $Z=\frac{X-\sigma}{\mu}$ c) $Z=\frac{X+\sigma}{\mu}$ d) $Z=\frac{X-\mu}{\sigma}$ (iv) The mean of Binomial Probability distribution $P(X = x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$
 - a) \sqrt{np}
- b) $(np)^2$
- c) np/2

- (v) The probability that a standard normal variate Z = 0 is
- b) -1
- c) 0
- d) 0.5

(vi) Population Variance
$$\sigma^2$$
 a) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \mu)}{N - 1}$ b) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \mu)}{N}$ c) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \mu)^2}{N - 1}$ d) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \mu)^2}{N}$

0-2 Answer the following.

- [10]
- (a) Calculate Median from the distribution of marks obtained by 72 students.

Marks Group	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35
Frequency	24	14	9	8	9	5	3

- (b) The probability that a regularly scheduled flight departs on time is P(D) = 0.83; the probability that it arrives on time is P(A) = 0.82; and the probability that it departs and arrives on time is $P(D \cap A) = 0.78$. Find the probability that a plane
 - (i) arrives on time, given that it departed on time, and
 - (ii) departed on time, given that it has arrived on time.
 - (iii) arrives on time, given that it did not depart on time.

- (a) Find the half range sine series of $f(x) = e^{ax}$ in the interval $(0, \pi)$.
- (b) Calculate the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following data

									65	
у	84	51	91	60	68	62	86	58	53	37

Q-3 Answer the following. (Any Two)

[10]

(a) Using Fourier integral representation, show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos \omega x + \omega \sin \omega x}{1 + \omega^2} d\omega = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & x = 0 \\ \pi e^{-x}, & x > 0 \end{cases}$

(b) Calculate deviations and squared deviations about the mean for the following class size sample data. Also find the sample variance, standard deviation and coefficient of Variation.

(c) The probability that a bomb will hit the target is 0.2. Two bombs are required to destroy the target. If six bombs are used, find the probability that the target will be destroyed.

Q-4 Answer the following. (Any One)

[05]

(a) Calculate coefficient of correlation and obtain regression line of y on x for the following data and estimate y corresponding to x = 6.2

								8	
y	9	8	10	12	11	13	14	16	15

(b) On average, 30-minute television sitcoms have 22 minutes of programming. Assume that the probability distribution for minutes of programming can be approximated by a uniform distribution from 18 minutes to 26 minutes.

(i) What is the probability that a sitcom will have 25 or more minutes of programming?

(ii) What is the probability that a sitcom will have between 21 and 25 minutes of programming?

(iii) What is the probability that a sitcom will have more than 10 minutes of commercials or other non programming interruptions?